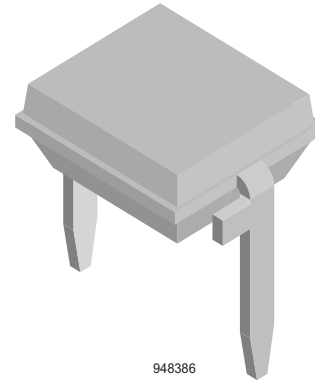


## Silicon PIN Photodiode

### Description

BP104 is a high speed and high sensitive PIN photodiode in a miniature flat plastic package. Its top view construction makes it ideal as a low cost replacement of TO-5 devices in many applications.

The epoxy package itself is an IR filter, spectrally matched to GaAs or GaAs on GaAlAs IR emitters ( $\lambda_p = 950 \text{ nm}$ ). The large active area combined with a flat case gives a high sensitivity at a wide viewing angle.



948386

### Features

- Large radiant sensitive area ( $A = 7.5 \text{ mm}^2$ )
- Wide angle of half sensitivity  $\varphi = \pm 65^\circ$
- High photo sensitivity
- Fast response times
- Small junction capacitance
- Plastic case with IR filter ( $\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$ )
- Lead-free device

### Applications

High speed photo detector

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse Voltage		$V_R$	60	V
Power Dissipation	$T_{\text{amb}} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_V$	215	mW
Junction Temperature		$T_J$	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range		$T_{\text{stg}}$	- 55 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature	$t \leq 3 \text{ s}$	$T_{\text{sd}}$	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction/Ambient		$R_{\text{thJA}}$	350	K/W

### Electrical Characteristics

$T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Breakdown Voltage	$I_R = 100 \mu\text{A}$ , $E = 0$	$V_{(\text{BR})}$	60			V
Reverse Dark Current	$V_R = 10 \text{ V}$ , $E = 0$	$I_{\text{ro}}$		2	30	nA
Diode capacitance	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ , $E = 0$	$C_D$		70		pF
	$V_R = 3 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ , $E = 0$	$C_D$		25	40	pF

### Optical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Open Circuit Voltage	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2, \lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$V_o$		350		mV
Short Circuit Current	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2, \lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$I_k$		38		$\mu\text{A}$
Reverse Light Current	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2, \lambda = 950\text{ nm}, V_R = 5\text{ V}$	$I_{ra}$	40	45		$\mu\text{A}$
Angle of Half Sensitivity		$\phi$		$\pm 65$		deg
Wavelength of Peak Sensitivity		$\lambda_p$		950		nm
Range of Spectral Bandwidth		$\lambda_{0.5}$		870 to 1050		nm
Noise Equivalent Power	$V_R = 10\text{ V}, \lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	NEP		$4 \times 10^{-14}$		W/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Rise Time	$V_R = 10\text{ V}, R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega, \lambda = 820\text{ nm}$	$t_r$		100		ns
Fall Time	$V_R = 10\text{ V}, R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega, \lambda = 820\text{ nm}$	$t_f$		100		ns

### Typical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

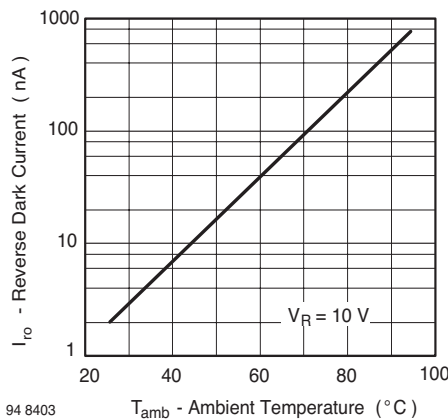


Fig. 1 Reverse Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

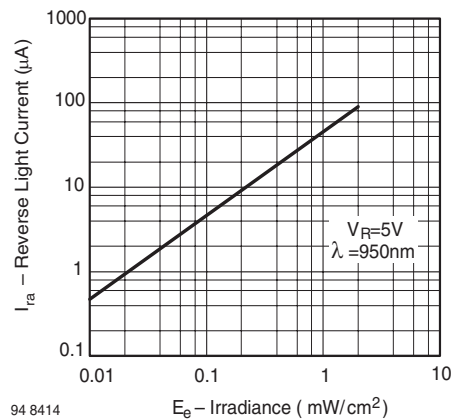


Fig. 3 Reverse Light Current vs. Irradiance

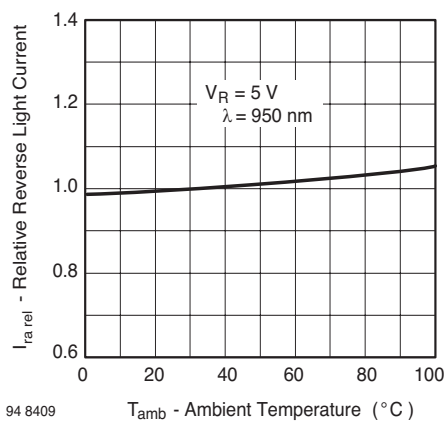


Fig. 2 Relative Reverse Light Current vs. Ambient Temperature

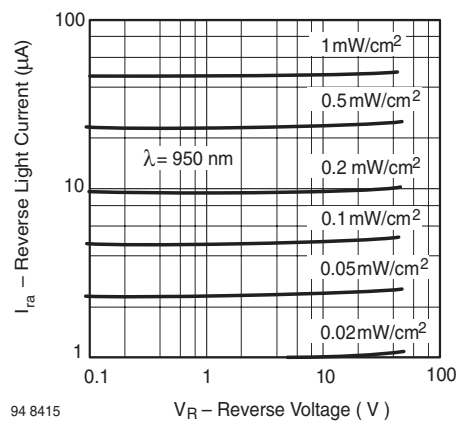


Fig. 4 Reverse Light Current vs. Reverse Voltage

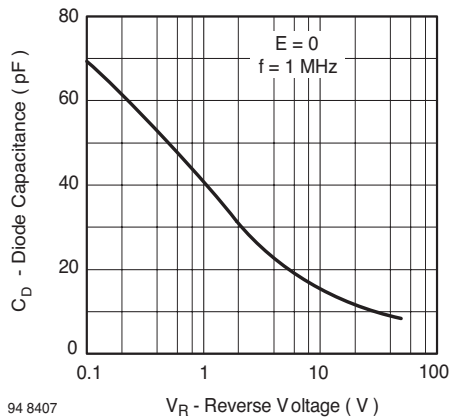


Fig. 5 Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

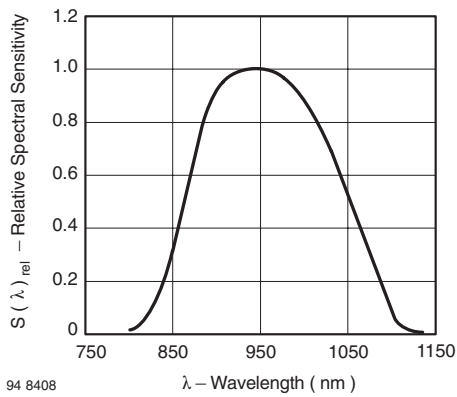


Fig. 6 Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

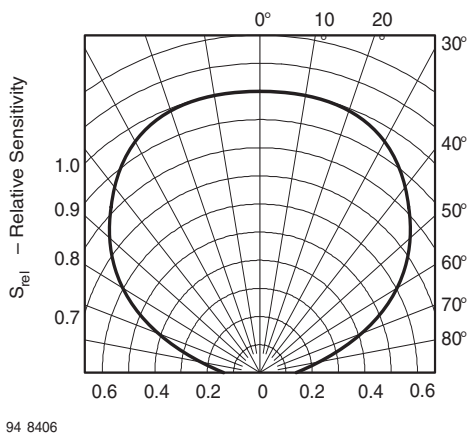
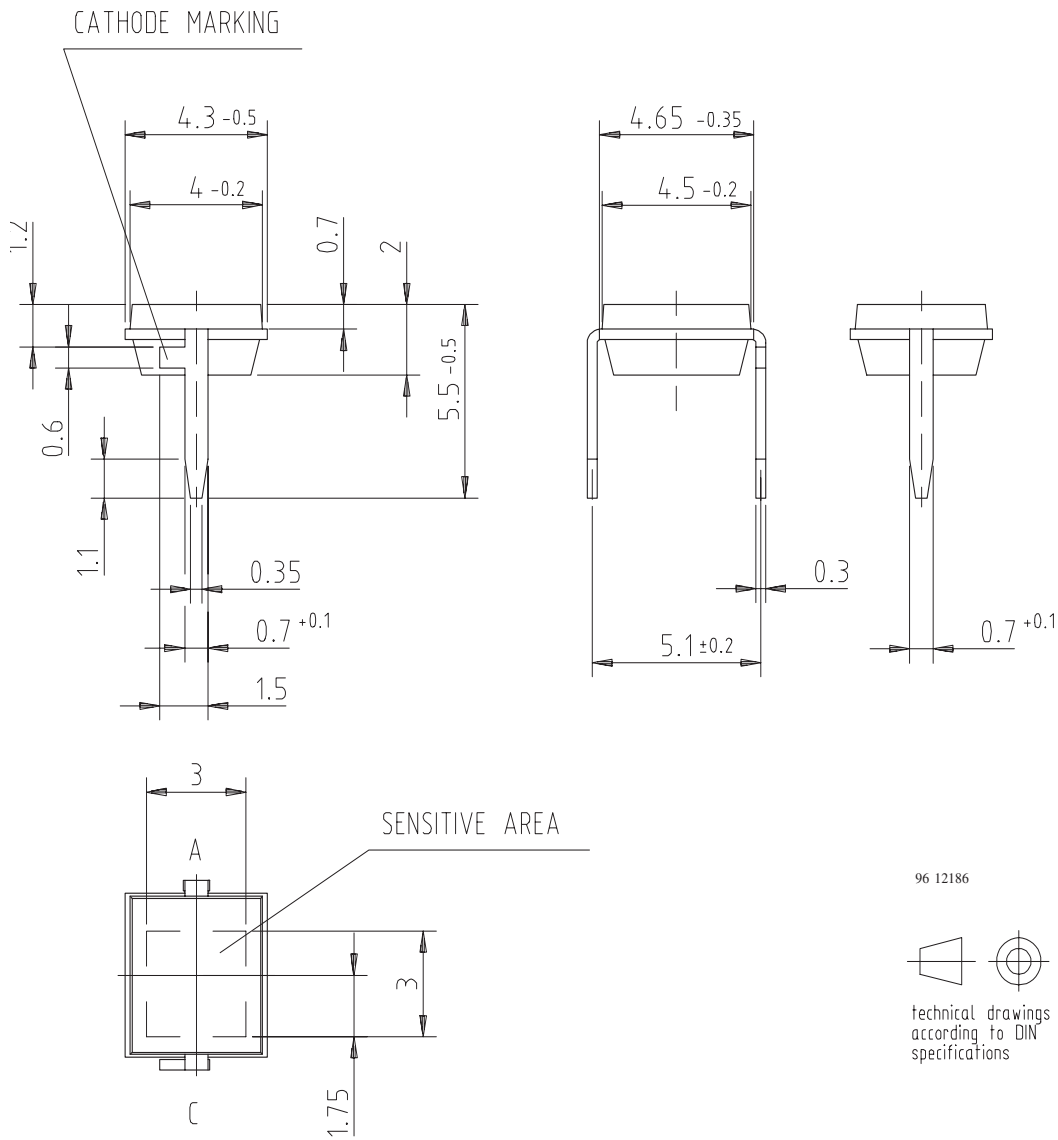


Fig. 7 Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

## Package Dimensions in mm



## **Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement**

It is the policy of **Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

**We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design  
and may do so without further notice.**

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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